Bamboo grows fast, is free material for a dome framework. It might be possible to suspend a tent skin or mosquito netting inside, or pull a stretch cloth over the outside and shoot foam. Tools: a pocket knife and string. The following instructions were prepared by R. Buckminster Fuller. We haven't tried such a dome yet.

**GEO SAD ASSEMBLY**

The geodesic dome, as shown in the assembly diagrams, contains two different joints: a "B" joint which occurs at the vertices of all the pentagons formed, and an "R" joint which occurs at all other points.

The spans from joint to joint are BB, BR, or RR. The arc factors of these lengths are:

- BB = \(0.26035641\), RR = \(0.31033484\), BR = \(0.32630688\).

For these factors the radius of the dome is 1.00. To construct a 22'-dome (11'-radius) the lengths of some arc would be as follows: BB = 2.56', BR = 3.41', RR = 3.59'.

**CUTTING, MEASURING THE MEMBERS**

There are only two different lengths of members used in the erection:

- 12'-BB
- 12'-BR
- 12'-RR

For a 3/8 dome, 80 "B" members and 50 "R" members are required.

A line of color can be drawn around the bamboo members at each measuring point. Use blue for the "B" points and red for the "R" points.

**CROSS ASSEMBLY**

The "B" cross consists of two "B" members whose lengths are: BB + BR + 12" extra at each end.

With 12" extra on the end of each stick, there will be a 24" overlap when the crosses are assembled.

**CROSS TYING**

Place members at right angles to each other and tie firmly, but not too tight. During assembly of the dome, the crosses will twist into proper position as shown.

In all cases, when looking at a cross with the acute angles at the sides and the obtuse angles at the top and bottom, the member going from upper right hand corner to the lower left hand corner always passes over the other member.

**STAGE 1 ASSEMBLY**

The first stage in the assembly of the dome is the construction of the pentagon at the top of the dome. This process employs five "B" crosses.

- **Step A:** Tie together two "B" crosses as shown in the diagram. Note that the end measuring points have the same designation as the cross to which they are connected.
- **Step B:** Add two more "B" crosses in the same manner as shown in Step A.
- **Step C:** Add fifth "B" cross between the united legs. In order to insert this cross, all crosses will be twisted so that a regular pentagon is formed.

**STAGE 2 ASSEMBLY**

The second stage consists of closing the five triangles around the pentagon. Use five "R" crosses.

- **Stage 3,4**
  - Stage 3: Assemble the first stage crosses as shown.
  - Stage 4: Add the second stage crosses as shown.

**STAGE 5**

The fifth stage uses ten "B" crosses to close ten triangles. Six of these crosses can be seen in the elevation above.

**STAGE 6**

The sixth stage uses ten "B" crosses and ten "R" crosses to complete the first horizontal band. We now have a 3/8 dome.

**STAGE 7,8**

To complete the 3/8 dome requires two stages. The seventh stage uses ten "R" crosses and the eighth stage uses ten "R" crosses and ten "B" crosses.

On the last twenty crosses, all members pointing towards the ground should be cut off 12" from the cross' central point.